### Lecture 22: Virtual Memory

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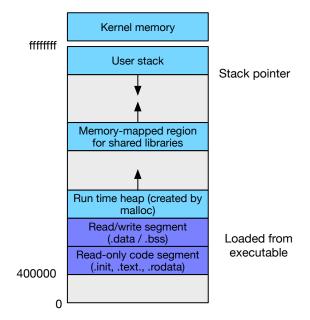
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601.229 Computer Systems Fundamentals



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### Recall: Process Address Space



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- Abstraction of physical memory
- Purpose
  - ▶ appearance of more available memory than physically exists (DRAM)

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- handles disk caching / loading
- insulates memory of each process

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- Page table: maps from virtual address to physical addresses

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- handles disk caching / loading
- insulates memory of each process
- Page table: maps from virtual address to physical addresses
- Memory management unit (MMU): hardware implementation of address translation

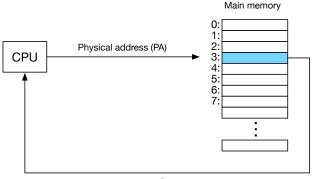
- This is going to get very complex
- Closely tied with multi-tasking (multiple processes)
- Partly managed by hardware, partly managed by software

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# Virtual addressing

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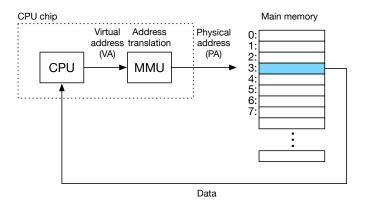
### Physical Addressing



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So far, assumed CPU addresses physical memory



Memory management unit (MMU): maps virtual to physical addresses

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- ▶ Virtual memory size:  $N = 2^n$  bytes, e.g., 256TB
- ▶ Physical memory size:  $M = 2^m$  bytes, e.g., 16GB
- ▶ Page (block of memory):  $P = 2^p$  bytes, e.g., 4KB

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► A virtual address can be encoded in *n* bits

# Caching

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 Yes, we already discussed caching, but for on-chip cache of DRAM memory

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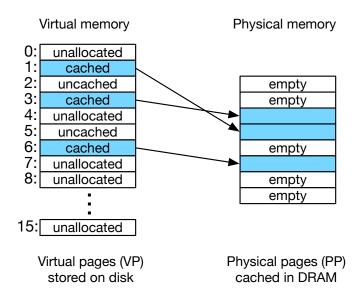
Now

- caching between RAM and disk
- driven by a large virtual memory address space
- to avoid unnecessary and duplicate loading

#### Jargon

- previously "block", now "page"
- now: "swapping" or "paging"

## Mapping



#### Cached

- allocated page
- stored in physical memory

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#### Cached

- allocated page
- stored in physical memory
- Uncached
  - allocated page
  - not in physical memory

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#### Cached

- allocated page
- stored in physical memory
- Uncached
  - allocated page
  - not in physical memory
- Unallocated
  - not used by virtual memory system so far

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#### Array of page table entries (PTE)

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- Valid bit
  - set if PTE currently maps to physical address (cached)

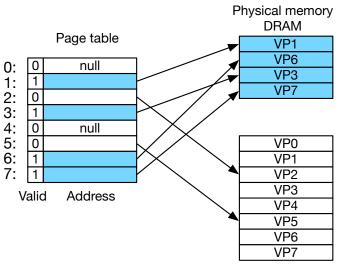
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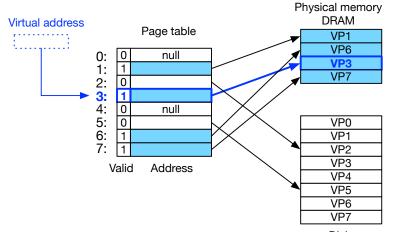
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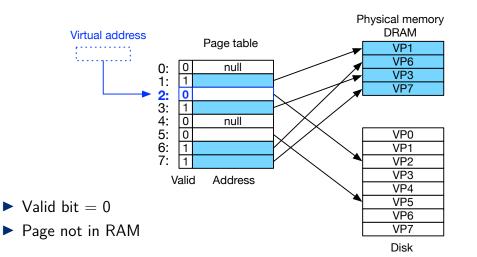
- not set otherwise (uncached or unallocated)
- Mapped address
  - ▶ if cached: physical address in DRAM
  - if not cached: physical address on disk



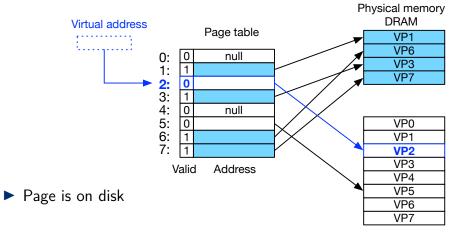
Disk



Disk

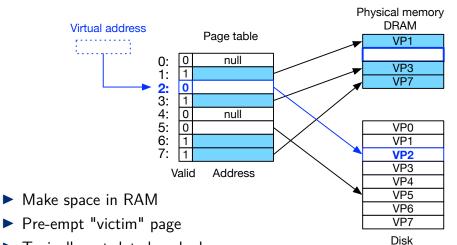


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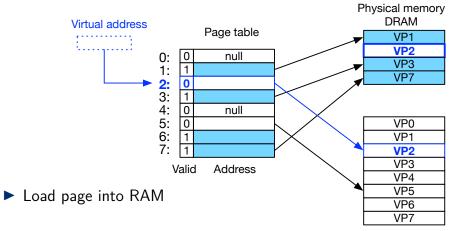
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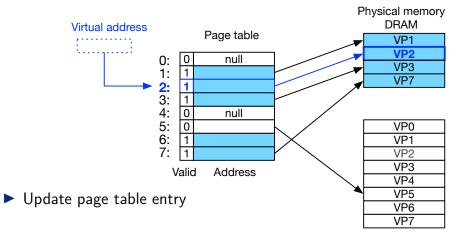
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Typically out-dated cached page



Disk

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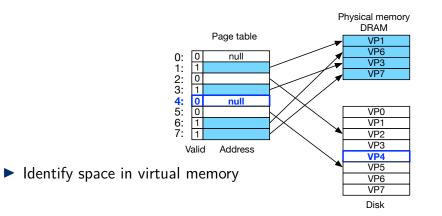


Disk

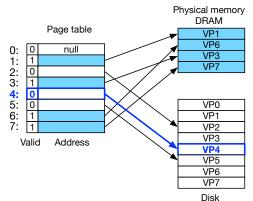
- ▶ What happens when we load a program?
- ► We need to load its executable into memory
- Similar: create data objects when program is running ("allocating" memory)

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## Allocating Page



## Allocating Page



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Map to data on disk

- do not actual load
- just create page table entries
- let virtual memory system handle loading
- $\Rightarrow \text{ On-demand loading}$

Clicker quiz omitted from public slides

Nothing loaded at startup

- Nothing loaded at startup
- Working set (or resident set)
  - pages of a process that are currently in DRAM

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loaded by virtual memory system on demand

- Nothing loaded at startup
- Working set (or resident set)
  - pages of a process that are currently in DRAM
  - loaded by virtual memory system on demand
- Thrashing
  - memory actively required by all processes larger than physically available
  - frequent swapping of memory to/from disk
  - very bad: slows down machine dramatically

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