Lecture 23: Virtual Memory II

Philipp Koehn

March 28, 2025

601.229 Computer Systems Fundamentals

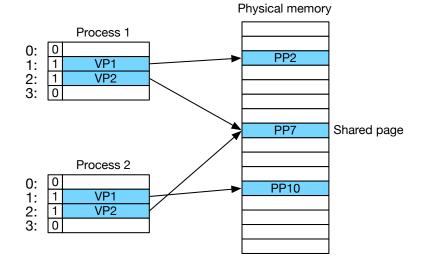


▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ □ のQ@

Memory management

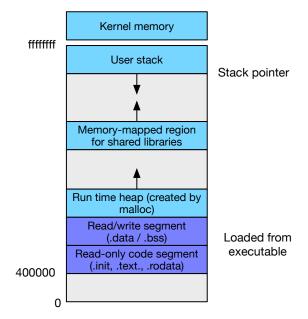
◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆ □▶ ◆ □▶ ○ □ ○ ○ ○ ○

One Page Table per Process

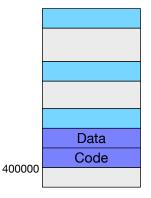


▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三三 - のへぐ

Process Address Space



Simplified Linking



◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆三▶ ◆三▶ 三三 のへぐ

- Each process has its code in address 0x400000
- Easy linking: Linker can establish fixed addresses

- ► When loading process into memory...
- Enter .data and .text section into page table

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三三 - のへぐ

- When loading process into memory...
- Enter .data and .text section into page table
- Mark them as invalid (= not actually in RAM)

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆三▶ ◆三▶ 三三 のへぐ

- When loading process into memory...
- Enter .data and .text section into page table
- Mark them as invalid (= not actually in RAM)

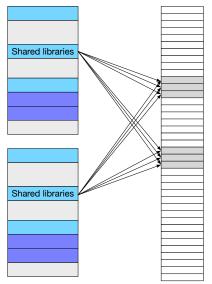
▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Called memory mapping (more on that later)

Physical memory

Shared libraries used by several processes: e.g., stdio providing printf, scanf, open, close, ...

Not copied multiple times into RAM

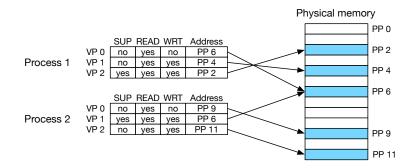


Process may need more memory (e.g., malloc call)

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

- \Rightarrow New entry in page table
- Mapped to arbitrary pages in physical memory
- Do not have to be contiguous

Memory Protection



▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Page may be kernel only: SUP=yes

Page may be read-only (e.g., code)

Address translation

- ▶ Virtual memory size: $N = 2^n$ bytes
- ▶ Physical memory size: $M = 2^m$ bytes
- ▶ Page (block of memory): P = 2^p bytes
- A virtual address can be encoded in n bits

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三 のへぐ

Task: mapping virtual address to physical address

- virtual address (VA): used by machine code instructions
- physical address (PA): location in RAM

Formally

MAP: $VA \rightarrow PA \cup 0$

where:

Note: this happens very frequently in machine code

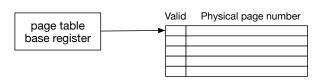
▶ We will do this in hardware: Memory Management Unit (MMU)

Virtual address

Physical address

▲□▶ ▲圖▶ ▲≣▶ ▲≣▶ = のへで

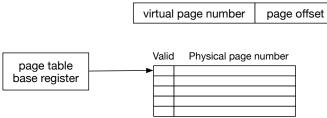
Virtual address



Physical address

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三三 - のへぐ

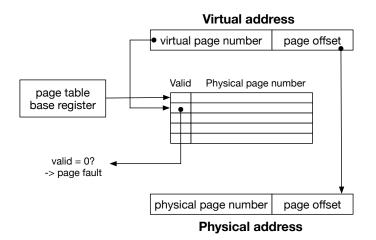
Virtual address



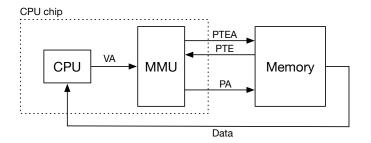
physical page number	page offset
----------------------	-------------

Physical address

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆ ≧▶ ◆ ≧▶ ○ ≧ ○ � � �



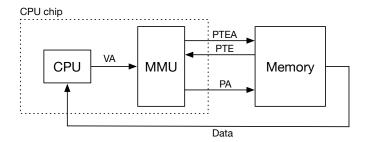
Page Hit



◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆ □▶ ◆ □▶ ● □ ● ● ●

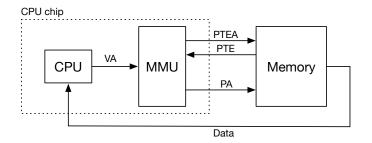
► VA: CPU requests data at virtual address

Page Hit



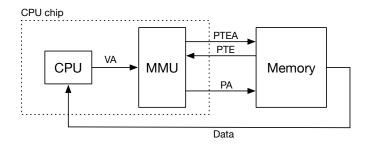
▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ □▶ ▲ □▶ □ のへぐ

- ► VA: CPU requests data at virtual address
- PTEA: look up page table entry in page table

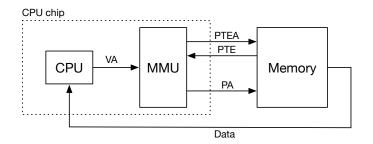


◆□ > ◆□ > ◆豆 > ◆豆 > ̄豆 = のへで

- ► VA: CPU requests data at virtual address
- PTEA: look up page table entry in page table
- PTE: returns page table entry

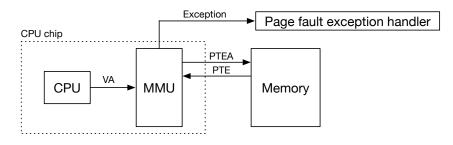


- ► VA: CPU requests data at virtual address
- PTEA: look up page table entry in page table
- PTE: returns page table entry
- ▶ PA: get physical address from entry, look up in memory

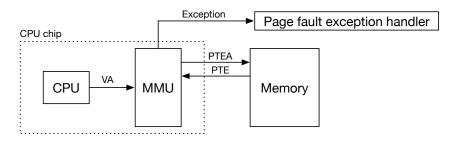


- VA: CPU requests data at virtual address
- PTEA: look up page table entry in page table
- PTE: returns page table entry
- ▶ PA: get physical address from entry, look up in memory
- Data: returns data from memory to CPU

Page Fault

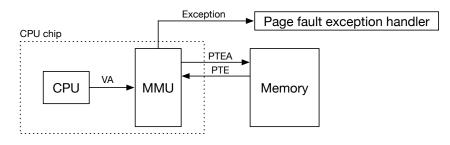


VA: CPU requests data at virtual address



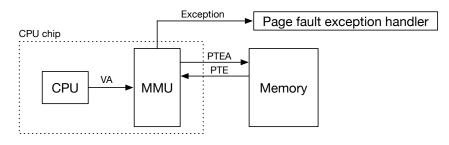
◆□ > ◆□ > ◆豆 > ◆豆 > ̄豆 = のへで

- ► VA: CPU requests data at virtual address
- PTEA: look up page table entry in page table



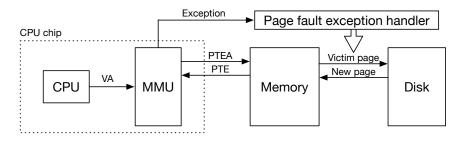
▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

- VA: CPU requests data at virtual address
- PTEA: look up page table entry in page table
- PTE: returns page table entry



▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

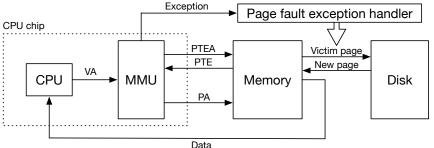
- VA: CPU requests data at virtual address
- PTEA: look up page table entry in page table
- PTE: returns page table entry
- Exception: page not in physical memory



- ► VA: CPU requests data at virtual address
- PTEA: look up page table entry in page table
- PTE: returns page table entry
- Exception: page not in physical memory
- Page fault exception handler

victim page to disk

- new page to memory
- update page table entries



Data

- VA: CPU requests data at virtual address
- PTEA: look up page table entry in page table
- PTE: returns page table entry
- Exception: page not in physical memory
- Page fault exception handler

victim page to disk

- new page to memory
- update page table entries
- Re-do memory request

Complex task

- identify which page to remove from RAM (victim page)
- load page from disk to RAM
- update page table entry
- trigger do-over of instruction that caused exception

Note

- Ioading into RAM very slow
- added complexity of handling in software no big deal

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Clicker quiz omitted from public slides

Refinements

► On-CPU cache

Slow look-up time

► Huge address space

Putting it all together

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆ □▶ ◆ □▶ ● □ ● ● ●

On-CPU cache

 \rightarrow integrate cache and virtual memory

Slow look-up time

Huge address space

Putting it all together

Note

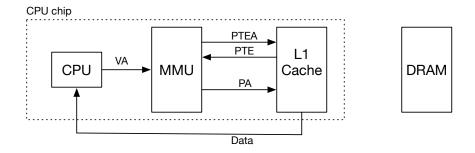
- we claim that using on-disk memory is too slow
- having data in RAM only practical solution

Recall

we previously claimed that using RAM is too slow

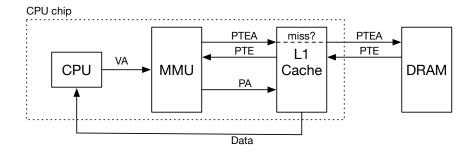
▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三 ● ● ●

- having data in cache only practical solution
- Both true, so we need to combine



▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

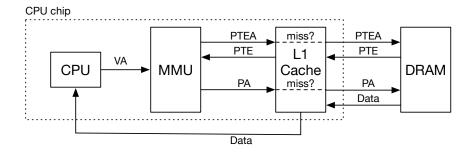
- MMU resolves virtual address to physical address
- Physical address is checked against cache



・ロト ・ 国 ト ・ ヨ ト ・ ヨ ト

∃ \(\mathcal{O}\) \(\lambda\) \(\lambda\)

- Cache miss in page table retrieval?
- \Rightarrow Get page table from memory



▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

- Cache miss in data retrieval?
- \Rightarrow Get data from memory

On-CPU cache

 \rightarrow integrate cache and virtual memory

Slow look-up time

 \rightarrow use translation lookahead buffer (TLB)

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Huge address space

Putting it all together

 Every memory-related instruction must pass through MMU (virtual memory look-up)

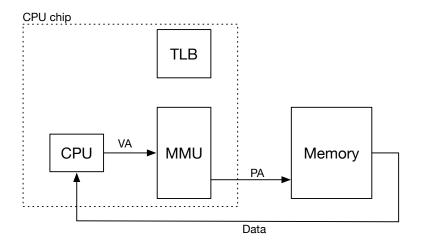
▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

- Very frequent, this has to be very fast
- Locality to the rescue
 - subsequent look-ups in same area of memory
 - look-up for a page can be cached

- Same structure as cache
- Break up address into 3 parts
 - Iowest bits: offset in page
 - middle bits: index (location) in cache
 - highest bits: tag in cache
- Associative cache: more than one entry per index

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

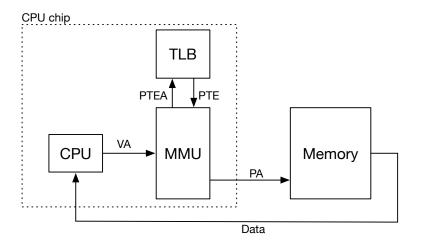
Architecture



▶ Translation lookup buffer (TLB) on CPU chip

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆ □▶ ◆ □▶ ● □ ● ● ●

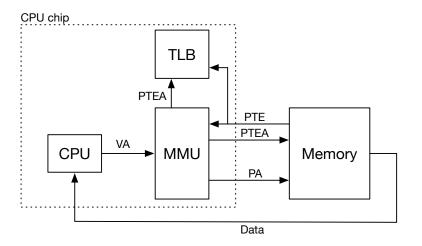
Translation Lookup Buffer (TLB) Hit



◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆三▶ ◆三▶ 三三 - のへで

Look up page table entry in TLB

Translation Lookup Buffer (TLB) Miss



▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ □ のQ@

- Page table entry not in TLB
- Retrieve page table entry from RAM